## **XIAO-I CORPORATION**

### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE GUIDELINES**

### Adopted by the Board of Directors on April 26, 2023

The Board of Directors (the "**Board**") of Xiao-I Corporation (the "**Company**") has adopted the corporate governance guidelines set forth below (the "**Guidelines**") as a framework for the governance of the Company. The Nominating and Governance Committee reviews the Guidelines annually and recommends changes to the Board as appropriate. These Guidelines should be interpreted in the context of all applicable laws and the Company's amended and restated memorandum and articles of association (as may be amended and/or restated from time to time, the "M&AA") and other corporate governance documents. These Guidelines acknowledge the leadership exercised by the Board's standing committees and their chairs and are intended to serve as a flexible framework within which the Board may conduct its business and not as a set of legally binding obligations. The Guidelines are subject to applicable laws and rules, including any available exceptions applicable to "foreign private issuers" under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and to modification from time to time by the Board as the Board may deem appropriate and in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders or as required by applicable laws and regulations.

### I. THE BOARD

### A. Size of the Board

The number of directors will be determined in accordance with the M&AA. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee of the Board (the "*Governance Committee*") will periodically review the size of the Board, and may make recommendations to the Board regarding the size that is most effective in relation to future operations.

### B. Director Qualification Standards and Additional Selection Criteria

The Governance Committee, in recommending director candidates, and the Board, in nominating director candidates, will evaluate candidates in accordance with the qualification standards set forth in <u>Attachment A</u> to these Corporate Governance Guidelines. In addition, the Governance Committee and the Board may also consider the additional selection criteria listed in <u>Attachment A</u>.

### C. Director Orientation and Continuing Education

Management will provide an orientation process for new directors, including background material on the Company and its business. As appropriate, management will provide opportunities for additional educational sessions for directors on matters relevant to the Company and its business.

### D. Service on Other Boards

The Board does not believe that its members should be prohibited from serving on boards of other organizations and has not adopted any guidelines limiting such activities. However, the Governance Committee may take into account the nature of and time involved in a director's service on other boards and/or committees in evaluating the suitability of individual director candidates and current directors. Prior to accepting any position on the board of directors of any

organization, whether for-profit or not-for-profit, current directors should notify the Chairman of the Governance Committee and the Company's Chief Financial Officer. The Chairman of the Governance Committee shall review the proposed board membership to ensure compliance with applicable laws and policies.

Service on other boards and/or committees should be consistent with the Company's conflict of interest policies.

E. <u>Directors Who Resign or Materially Change Their Current Positions With Their Own</u> <u>Company or Become Aware of Circumstances that May Adversely Reflect upon the</u> <u>Director or the Company</u>

When a director, including any director who is currently an officer or employee of the Company, resigns or materially changes his or her position with his or her employer or becomes aware of circumstances that may adversely reflect upon the director or the Company, such director should notify the Governance Committee of such circumstances. The Governance Committee will consider the circumstances, and may in certain cases recommend that the Board request that the director submit his or her resignation from the Board if, for example, continuing service on the Board by the individual is not consistent with the criteria deemed necessary for continuing service on the Board.

# F. <u>Term Limits</u>

The Board does not believe it is in the best interests of the Company to establish term limits at this time. Additionally, such term limits may cause the Company to lose the contribution of directors who have been able to develop, over a period of time, increasing insight into the Company's business and therefore can provide an increasingly significant contribution to the Board.

## G. Director Responsibilities

The business and affairs of the Company will be managed by or under the direction of the Board, including through one or more of its committees. Each director is expected to spend the time and effort necessary to properly discharge his or her responsibilities. These include:

- exercising their business judgment in good faith;
- acting in what they reasonably believe to be the best interest of all shareholders;
- becoming and remaining well-informed about the Company's business and operations and general business and economic trends affecting the Company;

- ensuring that the business of the Company is conducted so as to further the longterm interests of its shareholders;
- ensuring that they at all times act honestly and use reasonable diligence in discharge of the duties of their office; and
- not making improper use of such position as a director or any information acquired by virtue of their position as a director to gain, directly or indirectly, an advantage for himself or herself or for any other person or to cause detriment to the Company.

## H. Compensation

The Board believes that director compensation should fairly pay directors for work required in a business of the Company's size and scope, and that compensation should align directors' interests with the long-term interests of shareholders. The Compensation Committee will review and make recommendations to the Board regarding the cash and equity compensation of directors. The Company's executive officers do not receive additional compensation for their service as directors.

Except as otherwise permitted by the applicable Nasdaq rules, the M&AA and applicable laws, members of the Audit Committee and Compensation Committee may not directly or indirectly receive any compensation from the Company other than their directors' compensation, including any compensation for service on committees of the Board and the receipt of equity incentive awards.

## I. <u>Stock Ownership</u>

The Company encourages directors to own shares of the Company. However, the number of shares owned by any director is a personal decision and, at this time, the Board has chosen not to adopt a policy requiring ownership by directors of a minimum number of shares.

## J. Conflicts of Interest

Directors are expected to avoid any action, position or interest that conflicts with the interests of the Company or gives the appearance of a conflict. If an actual or potential conflict of interest develops, the director should immediately report all facts regarding the matter to the Board. Any significant conflict must be resolved or the director should resign. For additional information, see the Company's "Code of Business Conduct and Ethics."

## K. Interaction with Institutional Investors, the Press and Customers

The Board believes that management speaks for the Company. Each director should refer all inquiries from institutional investors, the press or customers regarding the Company's operations to management. Individual Board members may, from time to time at the request of management, meet or otherwise communicate with various constituencies that are involved with the Company. If comments from the Board are appropriate, they should, in most circumstances,

come from the Chairman of the Board. For additional information, see the Company's "Policy Statement – Guidelines for Corporate Disclosure."

### L. Board Access to Senior Management

The Board will have complete access to Company management in order to ensure that directors can ask any questions and receive all information necessary to perform their duties. Directors should exercise judgment to ensure that their contact with management does not distract managers from their jobs or disturb the business operations of the Company. Any meetings or contacts that a director wishes to initiate may be arranged through the Chief Executive Officer or the Chairman of the Board, or if neither is available or neither is appropriate, directly by the director. To the extent appropriate, such contact, if in writing, should be copied to the Chief Executive Officer of the Company.

### M. Board Access to Independent Advisors

The Board committees may hire independent advisors as set forth in their applicable charters. The Board as a whole shall have access to any independent advisor retained by the Company, and the Board may hire any independent advisor it considers necessary to discharge its responsibilities.

### N. <u>Self-Evaluation</u>

The Governance Committee will oversee an annual assessment of the Board and its committees.

## II. BOARD MEETINGS

### A. Frequency of Meetings

The Board will meet at such times as the Board will from time to time determine. In addition, special meetings may be called from time to time as determined by the needs of the business. It is the responsibility of the directors to attend meetings.

### B. Director Attendance

A director is expected to spend the time and effort necessary to properly discharge his or her responsibilities. Accordingly, a director is expected to regularly prepare for and attend meetings of the Board and all committees on which the director sits (including any separate meetings of the Independent Directors), with the understanding that, on occasion, a director may be unable to attend a meeting. A director who is unable to attend a meeting of the Board, or a committee of the Board of which such director is a member, is expected to notify the Chairman of the Board or the Chairman of the appropriate committee in advance of such meeting, and, whenever possible, participate in such meeting via teleconference in the case of an in-person meeting.

### C. <u>Attendance of Non-Directors</u>

The Board encourages the Chairman of the Board or of any committee to invite Company management and outside advisors or consultants from time to time to participate in Board and/or committee meetings to (i) provide insight into items being discussed by the Board that involve the manager, advisor or consultant, (ii) make presentations to the Board on matters that involve the manager, advisor or consultant, and (iii) bring managers with high potential into contact with the Board. Attendance of non-directors at Board meetings is at the discretion of the Board.

## D. Advance Receipt of Meeting Materials

Information regarding the topics to be considered at a meeting is essential to the Board's understanding of the business and the preparation of the directors for a productive meeting. To the extent feasible, the meeting agenda and any written materials relating to each Board meeting will be distributed to the directors sufficiently in advance of each meeting to allow for meaningful review of such agenda and materials by the directors. Directors are expected to have reviewed and be prepared to discuss all materials distributed in advance of any meeting.

# III. COMMITTEE MATTERS

The Board currently has three (3) standing committees: (i) the Audit Committee, (ii) the Compensation Committee and (iii) the Governance Committee. Each committee will perform its duties as assigned by the Board in compliance with the M&AA and the committee's charter. It is the responsibility of the directors to attend the meetings of the committees on which they serve.

## IV. SUCCESSION PLANNING

The Board (or a committee delegated by the Board) will (i) work on a periodic basis with the Chief Executive Officer to evaluate the Company's succession plans upon the Chief Executive Officer's retirement and in the event of an unexpected occurrence, and (ii) periodically review the performance of the Chief Executive Officer.

## V. RISK MANAGEMENT

As provided in the Audit Committee charter, the Audit Committee is responsible for discussing the Company's policies with respect to risk assessment and risk management, including guidelines and policies to govern the process by which the Company's exposure to risk is handled. In accordance with those policies, the Board and the Board committees shall have an active role in overseeing management of the Company's risks. The Board shall regularly review information regarding the Company's credit, liquidity and operations, as well as the risks associated with each. The Company's Compensation Committee shall be responsible for overseeing the management of risks relating to the Company's executive compensation plans and arrangements. The Company's Audit Committee shall oversee management of financial risks and cybersecurity risks. The Governance Committee shall manage risks associated with the independence of the Board and potential conflicts of interest. While each committee shall be responsible for evaluating certain risks and overseeing the management of such risks, the entire Board is regularly informed through committee reports about such risks.

### Attachment A

#### **Director Qualification Standards and Additional Selection Criteria**

#### Director Qualification Standards:

The Governance Committee, in recommending director candidates for election to the Board, and the Board, in nominating director candidates, will do so in accordance with the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands and any other applicable law and will consider candidates who have a high level of personal and professional integrity, strong ethics and values and the ability to make mature business judgments.

#### Additional Selection Criteria:

In evaluating director candidates, the Governance Committee and the Board may also consider the following criteria as well as any other factor that they deem to be relevant:

- A. The candidate's experience in corporate management, such as serving as an officer or former officer of a publicly held company;
- B. The candidate's experience as a board member of another publicly held company;
- C. The candidate's professional and academic experience relevant to the Company's industry;
- D. The strength of the candidate's leadership skills;
- E. The candidate's experience in finance and accounting and / or executive compensation practices; and
- F. Whether the candidate has the time required for preparation, participation and attendance at Board meetings and committee meetings, if applicable; and
- G. The candidate's geographic background, gender, age and ethnicity.

In addition, the Board will consider whether there are potential conflicts of interest with the candidate's other personal and professional pursuits.

The Board should monitor the mix of specific experience, qualifications and skills of its directors in order to assure that the Board, as a whole, has the necessary tools to perform its oversight function effectively in light of the Company's business and structure.

Signature page of corporate governance standards

Date: April 26, 2023

40 By:

Name: Hui Yuan

Title: Chairman and Chief Executive Officer